

Opg 3.1

$$x(t) = A \cos[2\pi(f_c - f_\Delta)t] + B \cos[2\pi(f_c + f_\Delta)t]$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a)} \quad x(t) &= \operatorname{Re}\{Ae^{j2\pi(f_c - f_\Delta)t}\} + \operatorname{Re}\{Be^{j2\pi(f_c + f_\Delta)t}\} \\ &= \operatorname{Re}\{Ae^{j2\pi(f_c - f_\Delta)t} + Be^{j2\pi(f_c + f_\Delta)t}\} \\ &= \operatorname{Re}\{(Ae^{-j2\pi f_\Delta t} + Be^{j2\pi f_\Delta t})e^{j2\pi f_c t}\} \\ &= \operatorname{Re}\{\bar{x}(t)\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\underline{\bar{x}(t) = (Ae^{-j2\pi f_\Delta t} + Be^{j2\pi f_\Delta t})e^{j2\pi f_c t}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b)} \quad \bar{x}(t) &= (Ae^{-j2\pi f_\Delta t} + Be^{j2\pi f_\Delta t})e^{j2\pi f_c t} \\ &= (A \cos 2\pi f_\Delta t - jA \sin 2\pi f_\Delta t)(\cos 2\pi f_c t + j \sin 2\pi f_c t) \\ &\quad + (B \cos 2\pi f_\Delta t + jB \sin 2\pi f_\Delta t)(\cos 2\pi f_c t + j \sin 2\pi f_c t) \\ &= A \cos 2\pi f_\Delta t \cos 2\pi f_c t + jA \cos 2\pi f_\Delta t \sin 2\pi f_c t \\ &\quad - jA \sin 2\pi f_\Delta t \cos 2\pi f_c t + A \sin 2\pi f_\Delta t \sin 2\pi f_c t \\ &\quad + B \cos 2\pi f_\Delta t \cos 2\pi f_c t + jB \cos 2\pi f_\Delta t \sin 2\pi f_c t \\ &\quad + jB \sin 2\pi f_\Delta t \cos 2\pi f_c t - B \sin 2\pi f_\Delta t \sin 2\pi f_c t \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow \quad x(t) &= \operatorname{Re}\{\bar{x}(t)\} = A \cos 2\pi f_\Delta t \cos 2\pi f_c t + A \sin 2\pi f_\Delta t \sin 2\pi f_c t \\ &\quad + B \cos 2\pi f_\Delta t \cos 2\pi f_c t - B \sin 2\pi f_\Delta t \sin 2\pi f_c t \\ &= (A + B) \cos 2\pi f_\Delta t \cos 2\pi f_c t + (A - B) \sin 2\pi f_\Delta t \sin 2\pi f_c t \\ &= \underline{C \cos 2\pi f_\Delta t \cos 2\pi f_c t + D \sin 2\pi f_\Delta t \sin 2\pi f_c t} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{med } \underline{C = A + B} \text{ og } \underline{D = A - B}$$

$$\text{c)} \quad \text{Heraf } A = \frac{C + D}{2} \text{ og } B = \frac{C - D}{2}$$

Ønske: $x(t) = 2 \sin 2\pi f_\Delta t \sin 2\pi f_c t$, svarende til $C = 0$ og $D = 2$.

$$\Rightarrow \quad A = \frac{0 + 2}{2} = \underline{1} \text{ og } B = \frac{0 - 2}{2} = \underline{-1}$$

Oprindeligt udtryk med $A = 1$ og $B = -1$

$$x(t) = \cos[2\pi(f_c - f_\Delta)t] - \cos[2\pi(f_c + f_\Delta)t]$$

$$= \frac{e^{j2\pi(f_c - f_\Delta)t} + e^{-j2\pi(f_c - f_\Delta)t}}{2} - \frac{e^{j2\pi(f_c + f_\Delta)t} + e^{-j2\pi(f_c + f_\Delta)t}}{2}$$

$$x(t) = \frac{1}{2}e^{j2\pi(f_c - f_\Delta)t} + \frac{1}{2}e^{-j2\pi(f_c - f_\Delta)t} + \frac{1}{2}e^{j\pi}e^{j2\pi(f_c + f_\Delta)t} + \frac{1}{2}e^{j\pi}e^{-j2\pi(f_c + f_\Delta)t}$$

Spektrum:

$$\{(X, f)\} = \left\{ \left(\frac{1}{2}e^{j\pi}, f_c + f_\Delta \right), \left(\frac{1}{2}, f_c - f_\Delta \right), \left(\frac{1}{2}, -(f_c - f_\Delta) \right), \left(\frac{1}{2}e^{j\pi}, -(f_c + f_\Delta) \right) \right\}$$

