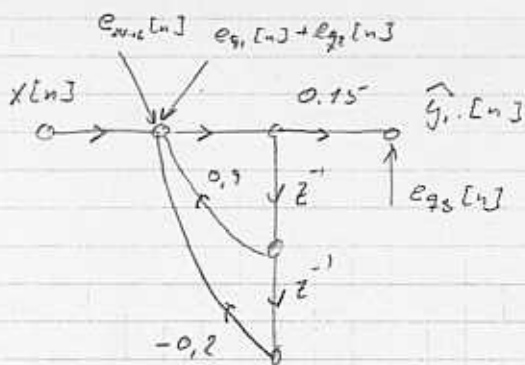
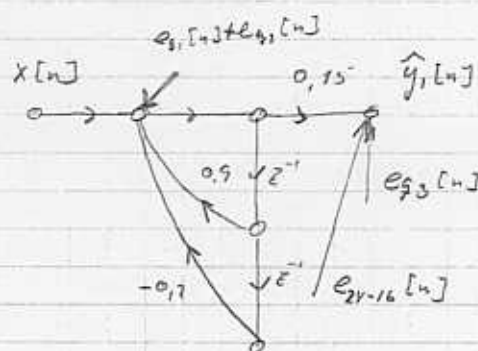


a)



b)



c)

I fråga a: $\sigma_{y_1}^2 = \sigma_{y_2}^2 = \sigma_{y_3}^2 = \sigma_{y_4}^2 = \frac{\sigma_x^2}{12} = \frac{2^{-25}}{12} \Big|_{B=15} = 77,6 \cdot 10^{-12}$

I fråga b: $\sigma_{y_1}^2 = \sigma_{y_2}^2 = \sigma_{y_3}^2 = \frac{2^{-20}}{12} \Big|_{B=23} = 1,18 \cdot 10^{-15}$

$\sigma_{y_4}^2 = \frac{2^{-20}}{12} \Big|_{B=15} = 77,6 \cdot 10^{-12}$

d)

$$\sigma_y^2 = (\sigma_{y_1}^2 + \sigma_{y_2}^2) \frac{1}{2\pi j} \oint H_D(z) H_D^*(z^{-1}) z^{-1} dz + \sigma_{y_3}^2 + \sigma_{y_4}^2$$

$$\frac{1}{2\pi j} \oint \frac{0,15 z^2 \cdot 0,15 \cdot z^{-1}}{(z-0,4)(z-0,5)(1-0,4z)(1-0,5z)} dz$$

$$= \frac{0,15^2 z}{(z-0,5)(1-0,4z)(1-0,5z)} \Big|_{z=0,4} + \frac{0,15^2 \cdot z}{(z-0,4)(1-0,4z)(1-0,5z)} \Big|_{z=0,5}$$

$$= -0,131 + 0,188 = \underline{0,057}$$

$$\sigma_y^2 = 2,36 \cdot 10^{-15} \cdot 0,057 + 1,18 \cdot 10^{-15} + 77,6 \cdot 10^{-12} = \underline{77,6 \cdot 10^{-12}}$$